## RC6505

Differential IF Front-End

## Features

- Integrated Analog IF Front-End
- Fully differential I/O
- IF flat bandwidth from 25 MHz to 55 MHz
- 48 dB minimum gain at IF frequency
- Simple interface to SAW filter
- 9 dB input noise figure
- Direct interface to A/D converter
- XTAL oscillator operating to 80 MHz
- More than 50dB IMD3
- Industry standard 24-lead SOIC package


## Applications

- IF sampling decoders
- QAM Receivers (up to 256 Constellations)
- Set-top receivers for digital cable
- Internet surf boards
- Cable modems
- Desktop video Conferencing


## Description

The RC6505 incorporates IF gain stages, reference generators and a crystal oscillator on a single chip. The high input impedance enables direct interface to a SAW filter, while maintaining a low noise figure. The IF output can be further filtered externally and fed to the on-chip fully differential buffer/driver. This buffer is extremely useful when driving low impedance terminations like a differential input to an A/D. The RC6505 is specially suited in IF sampling applications for minimizing the parts count and thus achieving smaller board sizes and lower system costs.

The IF section works on a 12 V supply voltage. The oscillator section runs on 5 V supply. The RC6505 is available in a 24 Lead SOIC package.

## Block Diagram



Rev. 0.9.1

## Functional Description

The RC6505 as shown in the block diagram performs several analog signal processing typically required in modern wideband digital receivers. These include:

- IF Sections
- Bias Voltage Generation
- Crystal Oscillator


## IF Gain Section

The front end IF section provides greater than 48 dB of stable gain at IF frequencies.

The input has high impedance while maintaining a low noise figure. The input and output sections are on different supplies to minimize parasitic couplings and prevent oscillations. The differential signal fed at IF_IN + /IF_IN- is available at IF_OUT+/IF_OUT- after amplification.

## Pin Assignments

## Pin Descriptions

This output can be filtered externally and fed back into the IC at pins BUF_IN+ \& BUF_IN- to enhance the drive capability of the output and also to reduce any 'kick-back' from the A/D sampling.

## Bias Reference Voltage

The RC6505 has a built-in 3.25 V references and an operational amplifier (OPA) with the ability to drive 10 mA of load. The OPA will serve as a voltage follower to provide certain flexibility on application. Note that, the 3.25 V reference has sourcing capability only. The OPA has both sourcing and sinking capabilities.

## Crystal Oscillator

This section has a crystal oscillator that can be used to generate timing signals like an A/D clock. The output level of Crystal Oscillator will be TTL compatible at the XOSCOA terminal.


| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | IF_IN- | IF Input Complement. |
| 2 | IF_IN+ | IF Input. |
| 3 | OUT | Output of OPA. |
| 4 | INP | Non-Inverting Input of OPA. |
| 5 | VRT | Output Reference Voltage for Top of A/D Input Range. |
| 6 | GND_BUF | Ground for Output Buffer. |
| 7 | BUF_OUT+ | Differential Buffer/Driver Output. |
| 8 | BUF_OUT- | Differential Buffer/Driver Output Complement. |
| 9 | VCC_BUF | Supply Voltage for Output Buffer. |
| 10 | BUF_IN+ | Differential Buffer/Driver Input. |
| 11 | NC | No Connect or Ground. |
| 12 | BUF_IN- | Differential Buffer/Driver Input Complement. |
| 13 | RFGND | Ground for High Frequency Crystal Oscillator. |

Pin Descriptions (continued)

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 14 | XOSCOA | Crystal Oscillator Output (TTL compatible). |
| 15 | XTL1 | Crystal Oscillator Frequency Select Circuit Connection. |
| 16 | XTL2 | Crystal Oscillator Feedback Pin. |
| 17 | VCC_RF | Supply Voltage for High Frequency Crystal Oscillator. |
| 18 | VCCIF2 | Supply Voltage for IF Output Sections. |
| 19 | IF_OUT- | IF Output Amplified, Complement. |
| 20 | IF_OUT+ | IF Output Amplified. |
| 21 | GND_IF2 | Ground for Amplified IF Output. |
| 22 | GND_IF1 | Ground for IF Input Section. |
| 23 | NC | No Connect or Ground. |
| 24 | VCC_IF1 | Supply Voltage for IF Input Section. |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Beyond which the device may be damaged) ${ }^{1}$

| Parameter | Description | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | Supply Voltages ,VCC_IF1, VCC_IF2, VCC_BUF, <br> VCC-RF |  |  | 13.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {in }}$ | Input Voltages IF_IN+, IF_IN-, BUF_IN+, BUF_IN-, <br> XTL1, XTL2 | GND-0.3 |  | VCC+0.3 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {in }}$ | Input Current (Power On or Off) |  |  | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -40 |  | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | Junction Temperature |  |  | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Theta_{\text {JA }}$ | SO24 Thermal Resistance |  | 70 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Lead <br> soldering | 10 seconds |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Short Circuit <br> Tolerence | No output can be shorted to ground |  |  |  |  |

## Note:

1. Functional Operation under any of these conditions is NOT implied. Performance and reliability are guaranteed only if Operating Conditions are not exceeded.

## Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Description | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VCC_IF1, | Supply Voltages | 8.5 | 12 | 13 | V |
| VCC_IF2, |  |  |  |  |  |
| VCC_BUF |  |  |  |  |  |
| VCC_RF | Supply Voltage | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V |
| TA | Ambient Temperature | 0 | 25 | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## DC Electrical Characteristics

VCC_RF $=5 \mathrm{~V}$; VCC_IF1, VCC_IF21, VCC_BUF $=12 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{TA}=0$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter |  | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PW | Total Power Consumption |  |  | 0.72 | 0.87 | W |
| ICCIF1 + ICCIF2 | IF Gain Stages total Supply Current | 12V Supply |  | 30 | 35 | mA |
| ICCBUF | Buffer Supply Current (Including 10mA allocated for Band-gap Reference and OPA) | 12V Supply |  | 28 | 35 | mA |
| ICCRF | XTL OSC Supply Current | 5V Supply |  | 12 | 15 | mA |
| VRT | Top Reference Output Voltage | @ 5mA output | 3.08 | 3.25 | 3.45 | V |
| IOPA | Output Drive of OPA |  |  |  | +15 | mA |
| Vos | Output Offset of OPA | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | -8 |  | +8 | mV |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {BIAS }}$ | Input Bias Current of OPA | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INP }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| PSRR | Power Rejection Ratio of OPA | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { VCC_BUF = } \\ & 8.5-13.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 55 |  |  | dB |
| Avf | Gain of OPA (Voltage Follower) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{INP}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.98 | 1.0 | 1.02 |  |
| Viopa | Input Range of OPA | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0.30 |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { VCC_BUF } \\ -3.0 \end{array}$ | V |
| IIF2O | Output Current Drive at IF_OUT+ and IF_OUT- |  |  |  | +15 | mA |
| IBUFO | Output Current Drive at BUF_OUT+ and BUF_OUT- |  | $\pm 5$ |  | +15 | mA |
| $\Delta \mathrm{VIFO}$ | Buffer DC Output Swing at IF_OUT+ and IF_OUT- (Differential) |  | 4 |  |  | Vpp |
| $\triangle$ VBUFO | Buffer DC Output Swing at BUF_OUT+ and BUF_OUT- (Differential) |  | 4.0 |  |  | Vpp |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage of XOSCOA |  | 3.0 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low Level Output Voltage of XOSCOA |  |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Current of XOSCOA |  |  |  | -8 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Low Level Output Current of XOSCOA |  | 8 |  |  | mA |

## Note:

1. All currents specified herein are quiescent current without loading on outputs.

## AC Electrical Characteristics

VCC_RF $=5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{VCC}$ IF1, VCC_IF2, VCC_BUF $=12 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{TA}=0$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter |  | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ZIFin | AC Input Impedance of IF Amplifier | @36MHz | 2 |  |  | $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ |
| CIFin | AC Equivalent Input Cap | IF_IN+ \& IF_IN- |  | 6 |  | pF |
| Vis | Input Sensitivity at Maximum Gain |  | 50 |  |  | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{Zo}_{\text {IF2 }}$ | AC Output Impedance of IF Amplifier | @36MHz |  |  | 1 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{Zi}_{\text {BUF }}$ | AC Input Impedance of Buffer | @36MHz |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ \Omega / / \\ 3.5 \mathrm{pF} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Zo}_{\text {IF2 }}$ | AC Output Impedance of Buffer | @36MHz |  |  | 1 | $\Omega$ |
| IMD3 | Two Tone Intermodulation | Differential Output, <br> BUF_OUT $=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ Differential AC Rload $=200 \Omega$ at IF_OUT + \& IF_OUT- $\mathrm{f} 1 / \mathrm{f} 2=35.5 / 36.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 50 |  |  | dBc |
| G | IF to Baseband Gain | Diff. Input and diff. Output | 48 |  | 55 | dB |
| NF | Noise Figure | @36MHz |  | 9 | 12 | dB |
| BW_IF | IF Bandwidth | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ for 10 MHz bands | 25 | 36 | 55 | MHz |
| $\Delta \mathrm{BW}$ | Bandwidth Roll-Off | $31 \mathrm{MHz}-41 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 0.1 | 0.15 | dB |
| I $\Phi$ | Integrated Phase Noise | With TBD crystal@57.6MHz from $100 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  | 0.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{deg} \\ & \text { r.m.s } \end{aligned}$ |
| ФnXTL | XTAL OSC Phase Noise | @ $\pm 10 \mathrm{KHz}$ offset |  |  | -100 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{dBC} / \\ \mathrm{Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| dt/dv | Output Transition Rise or Fall Rate | XTL Oscillator Output, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  | 2.5 | nS/V |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\text {OSC }}$ | Duty Cycle of Output Pulse | XTL Oscillator Output, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ | 40 |  | 60 | \% |

## Performance Curves



Figure 1. IF Input Bandwidth

## Application Discussion

The RC6505 is specially suited for use in set-top boxes and cable modems for decoding QAM modulated signals based on IF sub-sampling techniques. The RC6505 simplifies the front-end design and makes it more cost effective by integrating in a single chip all the analog processing functions needed between the standard tuner and high performance A/Ds. The other major components required for the frontend of the modem are the tuner, a SAW filter, crystal and the appropriate DSP demodulator/decoder.

## DVB Set-top Application

Figure 2 shows the application of RC6505 in IF bandpass sampling decoder for 256QAM cable transmissions. Here, the sampling clock for the A/D conversion can be generated
using the crystal oscillator operating in the 3rd overtone mode at 57.6 MHz and an external divided by 2 prescaler. The reference signals for A/D are the VRT and OUT outputs. The application is shown with the Raytheon Electronics Semiconductor Division's 10-bit ADC TMC1185. Other high performance $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{Ds}$ needing fully differential input can also be used. The A/D inputs are referenced to be in the midscale using the output from TMC1185. The filtered and buffered IF outputs can be a.c. coupled to the $A / D$ inputs. In this application an external differential band-pass roofing filter is used to band-limit the signals before conversion.

Figure 3 shows details of circuits used to evaluate the performance of RC6505 with the TMC1185 A/D.


Figure 3. RC6505 interface with Raytheon Electronics Semiconductor Division's TMC1185 10-bit 40MSPS ADC (for reference only)

## Crystal Oscillator Operating in Over Tone Mode



Choose $Q=12$ then using the following equations to calculate $L$ and $C$. (Note that, $R$ in $=260 \mathrm{~W}$ and $f_{O}$ is given.)
$2 \pi f_{O}=(L C)^{-1 / 2}$
$Q=2 \pi f_{O} C$ Rin

## Notes:

## Notes:

## Mechanical Dimensions

## 24 Lead Small Outline IC (SOIC) - . 300" Body Width

| Symbol | Inches |  | Millimeters |  | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| A | .093 | .104 | 2.35 | 2.65 |  |
| A1 | .004 | .012 | 0.10 | 0.30 |  |
| B | .013 | .020 | 0.33 | 0.51 |  |
| C | .009 | .013 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 5 |
| D | .599 | .614 | 15.20 | 15.60 | 2 |
| E | .290 | .299 | 7.36 | 7.60 | 2 |
| e | .050 |  | BSC | 1.27 |  |
| HSC |  |  |  |  |  |
| h | .394 | .419 | 10.00 | 10.65 |  |
| L | .010 | .020 | 0.25 | 0.51 |  |
| N | .016 | .050 | 0.40 | 1.27 | 3 |
| $\alpha$ | 24 |  | 24 |  | 6 |
| ccc | $0^{\circ}$ | $8^{\circ}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8^{\circ}$ |

## Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
2. "D" and "E" do not include mold flash. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010 inch ( 0.25 mm ).
3. " L " is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
4. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
5. " C " dimension does not include solder finish thickness.
6. Symbol " N " is the maximum number of terminals.


## Ordering Information

| Product Number | Temperature Range | Screening | Package | Package Marking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RC6505M | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Commercial | 24 Lead SOIC | RC6505M |

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